

# CRCE Exam Study Manual

## Updates for 2023

This document reflects updates made to the instructional content from the *AAHAM Certified Revenue Cycle Executive (CRCE) Exam Study Manual 2022* to the 2023 version of the manual. This does not include updates to spelling, punctuation, the Introduction, dates in examples, Knowledge Checks and Answers, or the Glossary.

### **Edit(s) to page 4-4: Part A Deductibles, Coinsurance, and Copayments**

The Medicare Part A table has been deleted. Information in yellow has been inserted:

Please refer to <https://www.aaham.org/Deductibles.aspx> for the current year amounts.

### **Edit(s) to page 4-7: Part B – Medical Insurance**

Information struck through has been deleted:

Enrollment in Part B is voluntary; beneficiaries can sign up for coverage anytime within the seven-month period that begins three months before they turn age 65, includes the month they turn age 65, and ends three months after they turn age 65. There is a monthly premium, which most people have deducted from their Social Security check.

If a beneficiary does not sign up for Part B when they are first eligible, they will have to pay the Medicare Part B late enrollment penalty. When the beneficiary does enroll, they may have to pay a monthly penalty for the rest of their life.

Part B reimburses physicians for the cost of ~~outpatient~~ services performed in an ASC, physician's office, or hospital.

### **Edit(s) to page 4-7: Part B Deductibles, Coinsurance, and Copayments**

The Medicare Part B table has been deleted. Information in yellow has been inserted:

Please refer to <https://www.aaham.org/Deductibles.aspx> for the current year amounts.

### **Edit(s) to page 4-8: Part B Preventive Services**

Information in yellow has been inserted:

There are very specific allowances and limitations for Medicare Part B benefits. For example:

- Medicare beneficiaries are eligible to receive a mammography screening every 12 months (if they are over 40 years of age) regardless of their diagnosis risk factor.

- When a physician performs a routine physical, as well as a medically indicated (covered) visit during the same encounter, Medicare will pay for the covered service. (But Medicare does not cover routine physicals.)